

New measures to strengthen border measures

As of April 29, 2020

For the time being, foreign nationals categorized below are denied permission to enter Japan as ones who fall under the Article 5, paragraph (1), item (xiv) of Immigration Control and Refugee Recognition Act, unless exceptional circumstances are found.

(1) Foreigners who have stayed in any of the following countries/regions/cities/provinces within 14 days prior to the application for landing:

Note that foreigners who will arrive in Japan with a flight via any of those 87 countries or regions which are subject to denial of permission to entry, with a purpose of refueling or transit, will be denied to enter Japan in principle. This will apply regardless of whether they have entered those countries or regions.

Asia

Brunei, China, Indonesia, Republic of Korea, Malaysia, Philippines, Singapore, Taiwan, Thailand, Viet Nam

Oceania

Australia, New Zealand

North America

Canada, United States of America

Latin America and the Caribbean

Antigua and Barbuda, Barbados, Bolivia, Brazil, Chile, Dominica, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Panama, Peru, Saint Christopher and Nevis

Europe

Albania, Andorra, Armenia, Austria, Belarus, Belgium, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Kosovo, Latvia, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Moldova, Monaco, Montenegro, Netherlands, North Macedonia, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Russia, San Marino, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Ukraine, the United Kingdom, Vatican

Middle East

Bahrain, Israel, Iran, Kuwait, Oman, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, Turkey, United Arab Emirates

Africa

Cote d'Ivoire, Democratic Republic of Congo, Djibouti, Egypt, Mauritius, Morocco

(2) Foreigners who have Chinese passports issued in Hubei Province or Zhejiang Province of China

(3) Foreigners who were on the cruise ship Westerdam, departed from Hong Kong

Note: In the following cases, foreigners with the status of residence of “Permanent Resident”, “Spouse or Child of Japanese National”, “Spouse or Child of Permanent Resident” or “Long Term Resident” (note: “Long Term Resident” is a legal term for the status of residence. It should not be confused with other status of residence with long term stay permission.) are treated in principle as persons in special circumstances, therefore they could enter Japan from the countries or regions subject to entry bans.

1. Foreigners with the aforementioned status of residence who have departed Japan with Re-entry Permission by April 2, 2020.
2. Foreigners with the aforementioned status of residence who had departed Japan with Re-entry Permission between April 3 and April 28, 2020, and then have stayed only in the following 14 countries newly added to the entry-ban measures on April 29.

For further information, please see the [Ministry of Foreign Affairs website](#).

QUESTIONNAIRES

NAME: _____ MALE FEMALE

DATE OF BIRTH: _____ NATIONALITY: _____

PASSPORT NUMBER: _____

Please answer the following questions by checking the applicable boxes.

Q1: Have you travelled to any of the countries / regions listed below within 14days before your arrival day in Japan?
 Yes No

Q2: After receiving visa, do you have any plan to stay in any of the countries / regions listed below within 14 days before your arrival day in Japan?
 Yes No

Asia

Indonesia,Singapore,Thailand,Korea,China(including Hong Kong and Macau),Taiwan, Philippines,Brunei,Viet Nam,Malaysia

Oceania

Australia,New Zealand

North America

United States of America,Canada

Latin America and the Caribbean

Antigua and Barbuda,Ecuador,Saint Christopher and Nevis,Chile,Dominican Republic,Dominica, Panama,Barbados,Brazil,Peru,Bolivia

Middle East

United Arab Emirates,Israel,Iran,Oman,Qatar,Kuwait,Saudi Arabia, Turkey,Bahrain

Europe

Iceland,Ireland,Albania,Armenia,Andorra,Italy,Ukraine,UnitedKingdom,Estonia,Austria,Netherlands, North Macedonia,Cyprus,Greece,Croatia,Kosovo,SanMarino,Switzerland,Sweden,Spain,Slovakia, Slovenia,Serbia,Czech Republic,Denmark,Germany,Norway,Vatican,Hungary,Finland,France, Bulgaria,Belarus,Belgium,Poland,Bosnia and Herzegovina,Portugal,Malta,Monaco,Moldova, Montenegro,Latvia,Liechtenstein,Lithuania,Romania,Luxembourg,Russia

Africa

Egypt,Côte d'Ivoire,Democratic Republic of the Congo,Djibouti,Mauritius,Morocco

DATE: _____

SIGNATURE: _____

- Any false declaration above will be subject to refusal of visa issuance, and then new visa application will not be accepted from the same applicant for six months for the same purpose of visit. The visa will be made null and void when such false declaration is revealed after the visa issued.
- Any false declaration upon landing in Japan will be subject to refusal of landing in Japan in accordance with the provisions of the Immigration Control and Refugee Recognition Act. When such false declaration is revealed after landing in Japan, it may be subject to punitive measures including imprisonment (less than three years), imposition of fine (less than three million yen) in accordance with the Act, revoking of residential status as well as deportation from Japan.